Primer Design with Primer 3

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Primer Design with Primer 3

http://fokker.wi.mit.edu/primer3/input.htm [Edit 2013.03.12 by James: A new version of Primer 3 is at http://primer3.wi.mit.edu/]

I have had great success with Primer 3 and find it consistently picks good primers. If not stated in the protocol leave settings at their default.

- 1. Open Primer 3 webpage, http://fokker.wi.mit.edu/primer3/input.htm
- 2. Paste the sequence you want to find primers for in the top box
- 3. If you already have Left (forward) or Right (reverse) primers enter them into the box below the
- sequence box
- 4. Enter the product size range you wish to be amplified
- 5. Chose a primer size between 20 35 bp, with no optimum
- 6. Choose a primer Tm between 55 65°C with the optimum being 60° C
- 7. Choose a max Tm Difference between the primers of 5°C
- 8. Don't worry about product Tm, leave blank

9. Choose a primer %GC content between 40 and 60% with the optimum being 50%

10. Leave the rest of the setting at the default, except GC clamp

11. Set GC clamp at 1, 2, or 3 if you want, this requires the program to pick primers with 1, 2, or 3 G's or C's at the 3' end

** it is usually advised to have a G or a C at the 3'end but I leave this at 0 and my primers that do not have a G or C at the 3' end work great **

12. If you want to check the primers that Primer 3 chooses, use Integrated DNA technologies website Oligo Analyzer

http://www.idtdna.com/SciTools/SciTools.aspx?cat=DesignAnalyze

Sample of Important part of the Primer 3 webpage

W Primer3 Input	t (version 0.4.0 ×	(+)								
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ƙ M 🏘 🖾	Weather	Conference Room 🙀 Online C	onversion 🤇) Web of Science 🔣 H	ome - ZuvaChem 🏼 🖉 Bio	chemistry Resear 📋 Teaching	Essentials		🗀 Other bookmar	
Primer3	(+ 0.10) Piet	nimes from a DNA comment				Checks for mispriming in templ	ate.	disclaimer	Primer3 Home	
1 milers	(v. 0.4.0) Pick	primers from a DNA sequence.				Primer3plus interface		cautions	FAQ/WIKI	
etygcaggastcas teatgtegagetea agattttegaatea atagecatgggeat cacagacaaaaceg etgaceactteact atagatacttaget	agttitteggtea aagatggtgaac agagcaattact tggaaattgagte ittgttgaagaag ittgttgagaact ittggtegaatct	constructore activation of the second	caaccottto acaaaggaaa aagottgttto cgatgtttaco tacttggaaci	ggtaaagtteeagettig agetatetteeagettig ageetteteteaetige ggggeeagtettaagee gaseeaggettiggtgagt teeaetasgaastette	agatggagattea aggatggagattea aggacatggegate tttgtatggtatgac caagtatttggett + gaggagggtccacat					
Pick left primer	r, or use left prim	er below: Pick hybridization	probe (interna	al oligo), or use oligo belo	w: Pick right primer, or	use right primer below (5' to 3' on o	opposite strand):			
Pick Primers Res Sequence Id: Targets:	et Form	A string to identify your E.g. 50.2 requires primer	r output. s to surround t	the 2 bases at positions 5	0 and 51. Or mark the source	e sequence with [and]; e.gAT(CTICCCCITCAT	means that primers m	ust flank the central CCCC.	
Excluded Regions:	E.g. 40,7 68,3 forbids selection of primers in the 7 bases starting at 401 and the 3 bases at 68. Or mark the <u>source sequence</u> with < and >: e.gATCT <cccc>TCAT forbids primers in the central CCCC.</cccc>									
Product Size Range	es 75-200	1.0000000000000000000000000000000000000								
Number To Return 5 Max 3' Stability 9.0										
Max Repeat Mispriming 12.00		Pair Max Repeat Mispriming	24.00							
Max Template Mispriming 12.00 Pair Max Template Mispriming 24.00										
Pick Primers Res	et Form	ditions								

Primer Size	Min	20	Opt:		Max:	35	1					
Primer Tm	Min:	55	Opt:	60.0	Max:	65	Max Tm Difference	5.0	Table of thermodynamic parameters: Breslauer et al. 1986 -			
Product Tm	Min:		Opt:		Max:		1					
Primer GC%	Min:	40.0	Opt:	50	Max:	60.0	1					
Max Self Co	mpler	nentarity	ci i		8.00	Max 3' S	elf Complementarity:	3.00				
Max #N's:					0	Max Pol	<u>y-X:</u>	5				
Inside Targe	et Per	alty:				Outside	Target Penalty:	0	Note: you can set Inside Target Penalty to allow primers inside a target.			
First Base In	ndex:				1	CG Clam	D .	0				
Concentration of monovalent cations:				tions:	50.0	Salt correction formula:		Schildkraut and Lifson 1965 💌				
Concentrati	on of	divalent	cation	5	0.0	Concent	tration of dNTPs	0.0	20			
	-	-				AT			and the second			

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First Base Index:	1	CG Clamp:	0		
Concentration of monovalent catio	ons: 50.0	Salt correction formula:	Schildkraut	and Lifson 1965 💌	
Concentration of divalent cations	0.0	Concentration of dNTPs	0.0		
Annealing Oligo Concentration:	50.0	(Not the concentration of a	igos in the re	action mix but of those annealing to template.)	
🗹 Liberal Base 📗 Show Debugi	ng Info 🔽	Do not treat ambiguity codes	n libraries as	consensus 🔟 Lowercase masking	
[Pick Primers] [Reset Form] frodo.wi.mit.edu/primer3/input-he	p.htm#PRI	MER_DNTP_CONC			
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